प्रदेश लोक सेवा आयोग गण्डकी प्रदेश

नेपाल स्वास्थ्य सेवा, हेल्थ इन्सपेक्सन समूह, चौथो तह अ.हे.व. पद (प्रदेश/स्थानीय तह) को प्रतियोगितात्मक लिखित परीक्षाको पाठ्यक्रम

यस पाठ्यक्रम दुई भागमा विभाजन गरिएको छ।

भाग	परीक्षा	विषय	पूर्णाङ्क	प्रश्न सङ्ख्या	समय	परीक्षा प्रणाली	उत्तीर्णाङ्क
٩	लिखित	सेवा	900	५०	४५ मिनेट	वस्तुगत	४०
		सम्बन्धी				वहुउत्तर	
२	अन्तर्वार्ता		२०				

द्रष्टव्यः

- १. यथासम्भव पाठ्यक्रमका सबै इकाइबाट प्रश्न सोधिने छन्।
- २. लिखित परीक्षामा गल्ती गरेको प्रश्नोत्तरका लागि २०% अङ्क कट्टा गरिनेछ।
- ३. पाठ्यऋम लागू मितिः-

Anatomy and physiology

- 1. Anatomical structure and function of the different organs of the body system,
 - A. Digestive system
 - B. Respiratory system
 - C. Cardiovascular system
 - D. Reproductive system
 - E. Endocrine system
 - F. Nervous system
 - G. Musculo Skeletal system
 - H. Sense organ system
 - I. Excretory system

2. Health education and community Diagnosis

- (A) Health Education
 - Health Education, importance and method
 - Health education program and planning
 - Communication & barrier of communication
 - Learning process
 - Leadership.
- (B) School Health
 - Purpose of School Health Program
 - Activities of School Health Program.
- (C) Community Diagnosis
 - Importance, methods and process of community diagnosis
- (D) Community Development
 - Objective
 - Methods of community development

3. Community Health

- (A) Epidemiology
 - i. Definition and terminologies of Epidemiology
 - ii. Scope of Epidemiology
 - iii.Vital statistic
 - iv.Epidemiological investigation
 - v. Epidemiological triad
 - vi.Disease prevention
 - vii.Basic principle of disease transmission
 - viii.Immunity. (Acquired and artificial and Herd Immunity)
- (B) Environmental sanitation
 - i. Scope of environmental sanitation

- ii. Water (Source, Water purification, water pollution)
- iii. Excreta disposal and fecal born disease
- iv. Solid waste and method of termination
- v. Disposal of wastewater
- vi. Health & Disease spectrum
- vii.Food sanitation
- viii. Air Pollution
- ix. Milk hygiene & Milk born disease.
- x. Types of Latrine
- xi. Sanitation barrier

4. (A) <u>Basic Medical Procedures and First Aid Treatment</u>

- First aid:- Shock, Bleeding, burn/scalds fracture, Ear, Throat, Nose and Eye injuries, Poisoning, Snake bite, Insect bite and Animal bite & Frost bite
- First aid treatment of electrical injury
- Drowning, Choking, High fever, fit and convulsion, fainting, Trauma

(B) Basic Medical Procedures

- Vital signs
- Investigation process and Importance of urine, Stool, Blood, Sputum, pus and throat swab collection
- Bandage and wound dressing (Principle, Importance, types & application)
- Technique of giving injection
- Sterilization process, importance, type and methods.

5. Vector Borne Disease (VBDs):

- i. Mode of transmission, causative agent, host, vector and environment, Life cycle of vectors and parasites/viruses.
- ii. Tools and techniques for the Prevention and control of VBDs.
- iii. Clinical features, Diagnosis and Case Management of VBDs
- iv. Nepal's National Goal, objectives, prevention and control strategies, approaches, methods and activities, National Treatment Protocol of VBDs. Trends of transmission, geographical distribution, epidemiological situation.
- v. Planning for VBDs Prevention and Control at the district and periphery level:
 - 1. Preparation of Annual Work Plan at working station
 - 2. Epidemic/Outbreak preparedness and Response
 - 3. Disease Surveillance
 - 4. Behavior Change Communication (BCC)
 - 5. Recording and Reporting of VBDs
 - 6. Referral and follow-up
 - 7. Supervision, monitoring and evaluation of VBDs control programs.
 - 8. Roles and responsibilities of different level health facilities.
 - 9. Techniques of community mobilization for VBDs.

6. Maternal and Child Health, Family Planning and Nutrition

A. Maternal and Child Health

- i. Antenatal care
- ii. Physiological Change during pregnancy
- iii. Danger signs of Pregnancy

- iv. High risk group (mother)
- v. Delivery care
- vi. Stages of labor
- vii. Difference between false and true labour
- viii. Postnatal care
- ix. New born Care
- x. Complication of pregnancy
- xi. Abortion
- xii. Ectopic pregnancy
- xiii. Toxemia
- xiv. Mal Presentations
- xv. Ante Partum hemorrhage
- xvi. Post-partum hemorrhage, retained placenta
- xvii. Definition, signs and symptoms and management of pelvic infection
- xviii. Uterine prolapsed
- xix. Milestones (Growth and development) of under 5 children
- xx. Definition, causes, signs symptoms and management of Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI), Childhood Diarrheal Diseases (CDD)

(B) Family Planning

- i. Population pyramids
- ii. Consequences of population growth
- iii. Measures to solve population problem.
- iv. Family planning methods (Temporary and Permanent)
- v. demographic cycle
- vi. Indicators of family planning

(C) Nutrition

- i. Source of Micro and macro nutrients
- ii. Nutritional status measurements (under and over nutrients)
- iii. Breast feeding, Weaning and supplementary foods

7. Communicable Disease and Microbiology

A. Microbiology

- i. Introduction of Micro-organisms (Bacteria, virus, parasites fungus, protozoa, helminths)
- iv. PEM (Protein Energy malnutrition) sign/symptoms, prevention and treatment

B. Communicable Diseases

Communicable disease and non-communicable disease, causes, clinical features, treatment, complications and prevention of:

- i. Amoebic, bacillary, dysentery, giardiasis, Cholera, Gastro Enteritis
- ii. Tuberculosis, Malaria, Leprosy
- iii. Parasitic Diseases
- iv. Viral Disease (AIDS, Chicken pox, measles, influenza and mumps, Rabies, infective, hepatitis A and B, Polomyelitis, Trachoma, Viral Encephalitis, SARS, MERS, Dengue, COVID-19 etc.)
- v. Pertusis, tetanus, Diphtheria, Whooping Cough
- vii Enteric fever,
- vii. Sexually Transmitted Diseases

8. Medicine & Surgery:

A. Medicine:

- 1. History taking/physical examination
- 2. Causes, signs and symptoms, type, prevention, treatment, complication and investigation of
 - a. Digestive System
 - i. Gastritis, peptic ulcer, cholecystitis
 - ii. Appendicitis
 - iii. Dysentery
 - iv. Gastroenteritis
 - v. Hepatitis
 - b. Respiratory system
 - i. Common cold
 - ii. Tonsillitis
 - iii. Pharyngitis
 - iv. Rhinitis
 - v. Sinusitis
 - vi. Bronchitis
 - vii. Pneumothorax
 - c. Cardiovascular System
 - i. Hypertension
 - ii. Congestive Cardiac Failure (CCF)
 - iii. Rheumatic fever
 - d. Genito Urinary System
 - i. Nephritis
 - ii. Renal Colic
 - iii. Urinary Tract Infection (UTI)
 - e. Endocrine System
 - i. Diabetes
 - ii. Hypothyroidism
 - iii. Hyperthyroidism
 - f. Nervous System
 - i. CVA (Cerebro Vascular Accident)
 - ii. Convulsion
 - iii. Meningitis
 - iv. Epilepsy
 - v. Unconsciousness
 - h. Skin Problem
 - i. Scabies
 - ii. Ringworm
 - iii. Impetigo
 - iv. Eczema
 - v. Allergies

B Surgery:

- 1. Definition, Clinical Features and appropriate treatment of:
 - i. Boils
 - ii. Carbuncles
 - iii. Ulcer

- iv. Piles
- v. Wound
- vi. Burn and scald
- vii. Fracture, Dislocation and sprain
- viii. Head and spinal cord injuries
- ix. Bleeding
- x. Foreign body in eye, ear, nose and throat
- xi. Conjunctivitis, iritis, trachoma, cataract, style. Otitis externa
- xii. Common problem of teeth and mouth
- xiii. Acute abdominal problem
- xiv. Acute appendicitis
- xv. Acute cholecystitis
- xvi. Intestinal obstruction
- xvii. Hydrocele
- xviii. Hernia
- xix. Tumor

9. Pharmacy and Pharmacology

A. Pharmacy

- i. Terminologies used in pharmacy
- ii. Inventory management
- iii. Dispensing
- iv. Rationale Use of Drugs
- v. Dose and its calculation
- vi. Narcotic drugs management

B. Pharmacology

- i. Terms used in pharmacology
- ii. Meaning and types of Antibiotic
- iii. Mode of action, rational use, dose, general side effects and contradiction of the drugs used in different systems.

10. Health Culture and Communication and counselling:

- i. Changes, process and barrier of changes in community
- ii. Counselling (mass, group and interpersonal)
- iii. Traditional belief and health related taboos
- iv. Health and disease spectrum

Health Management:

- i. Health care system in Nepal
- ii. Job Description of Auxiliary health Worker (AHW), malaria inspector/Vector control Assistant/Malaria Assistant/Cold chain Assistant.
- iii. Primary Health Care (PHC): definition and components, Principles
- iv. Organogram of MoHP, Gandaki Province
- v. Roles and Responsibilities of Federal, Provincial and Local level Government.

Management of:

- i. Health posts
- ii. Clinics
- iii. Health Camps
- iv. Inventory

- v. Meeting
 vi. Leaves (Types)
 vii. Recording and reporting IHMIS, DHIS-2, eLMIS
 viii. Monitoring and Supervision of Health Delivery System